

Thermodynamics and relaxation properties of $\text{Rb}_{1-x}(\text{NH}_4)_x\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4$ type proton glasses

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We propose a cluster approach for investigation of thermodynamics and relaxation properties (Glauber dynamics) of proton glasses. Within the two-particle cluster approximation and in the framework of the replica symmetric approach we study a simple proton glass model with essential competing short-range and weak long-range interactions for hypercubic lattices. It is shown that the imaginary part of the susceptibility exhibits a low-temperature peak which corresponds to the system transition to a non-ergodic state. The phase diagram for different interaction parameters and random internal field is plotted. We propose a pseudospin model for proton glasses of the $\text{Rb}_{1-x}(\text{NH}_4)_x\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4$ type, which takes into account the energy levels of hydrogens (deuterons) around the PO_4 group, long-range interactions between the hydrogen bonds, and an internal random deformational field. We derive a system of equations for the state parameters for the regions which are in the ferroelectric and antiferroelectric states, as well as in the proton glass state. We obtain a qualitative description of the temperature behavior of Edwards-Anderson parameter and dielectric permittivities of $\text{Rb}_{1-x}(\text{NH}_4)_x\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4$, $\text{Rb}_{1-x}(\text{ND}_4)_x\text{D}_2\text{PO}_4$, $\text{K}_{1-x}(\text{NH}_4)_x\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4$, $\text{Rb}_{1-x}(\text{NH}_4)_x\text{H}_2\text{AsO}_4$ compounds. Origin of the low-temperature peak in the imaginary part of the dielectric permittivity in the proton glasses is discussed.